

B. Amendment to the Claims

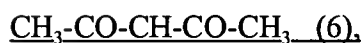
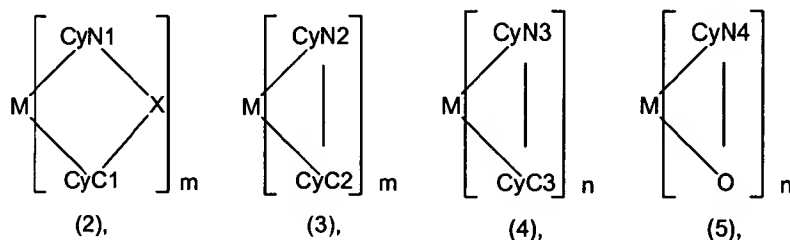
Please amend claims 1, 4 and 8-10 as follows.

1. (Currently Amended) A metal coordination compound represented by the following formula (1):



wherein M denotes Ir, Pt, Rh or Pd; L denotes a bidentate ligand; L' denotes a bidentate ligand different from L; m is an integer of 1, 2 or 3; and n is an integer of 0, 1 or 2 with the proviso that the sum of m and n is 2 or 3,

the partial structure ML_m being represented by a formula (2) or a formula (3) shown below, and the partial structure ML'_n being represented by a formula (4), ~~[[or]]~~ a formula (5) or a formula (6) shown below:



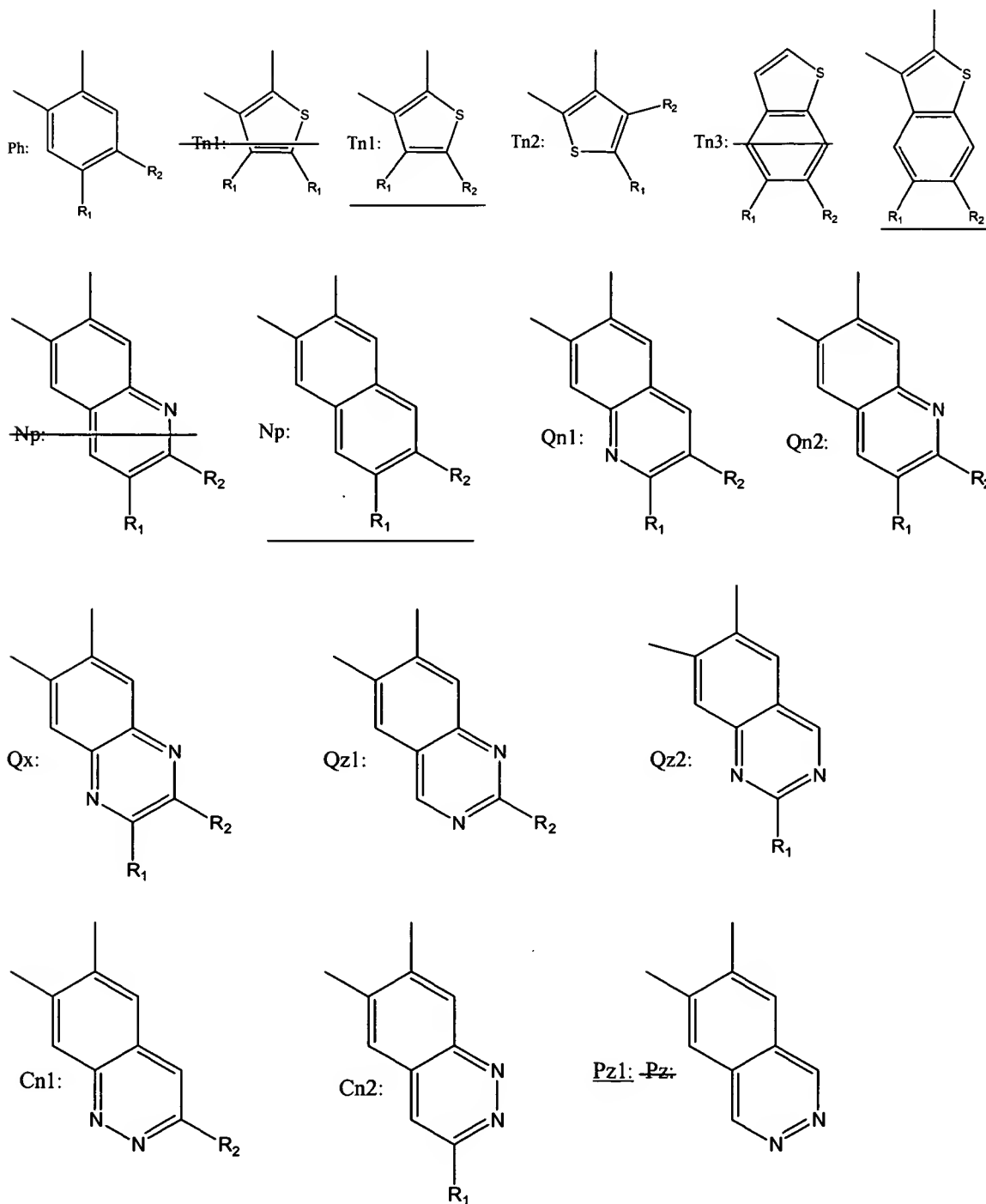
wherein:

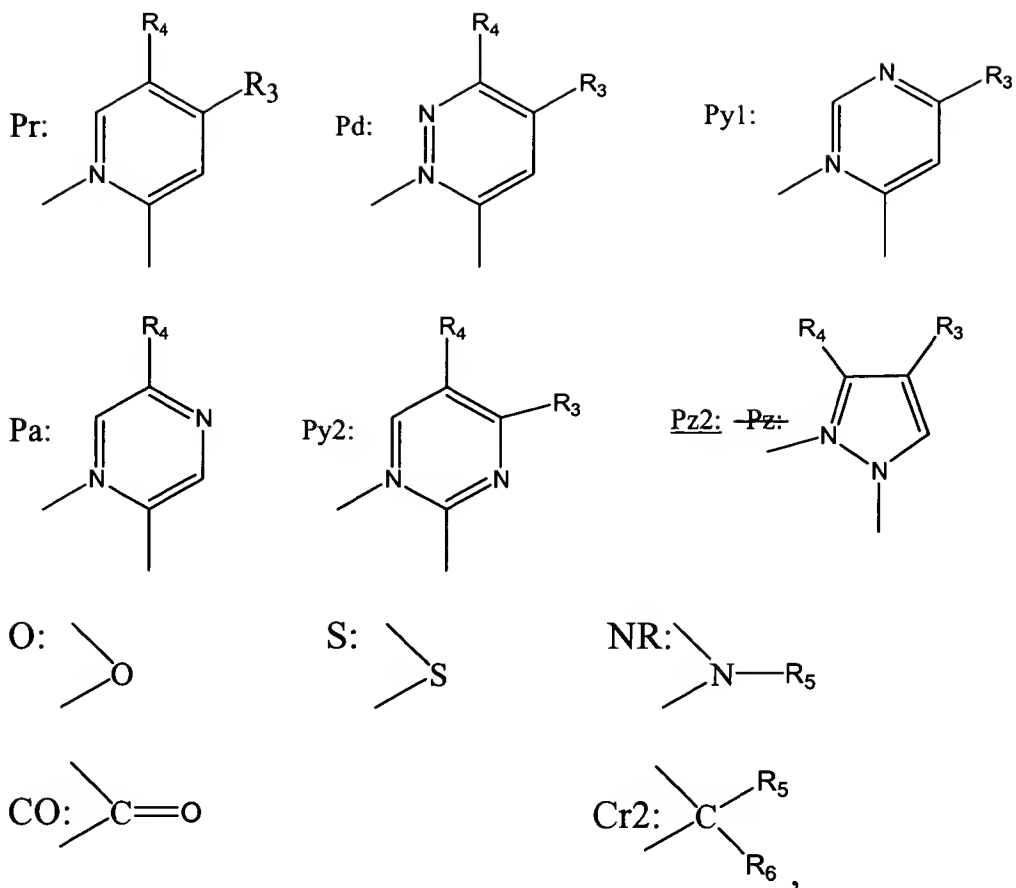
CyN1-CyN3 ~~CyN1-CyN4~~ are independently selected from the group consisting of Pr, Pd, Py1, Pa, Py2, and Pz2 ~~[[Pz]]~~ shown below;

CyN4 a cyclic group comprising 8-quinoline or its derivative, having a nitrogen atom connected to M;

CyC1-CyC3 ~~CyN1-CyN4~~ are independently selected from the group consisting of Ph, Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2, Cn1, Cn2 and Pz1 ~~[[Pz]]~~

shown below; and X is selected from the group consisting of O, S, NR, CO, CR₂ shown below:





with the proviso that any one of the following conditions A) to K) $[[P]]$ is satisfied:

A) ML_m is represented by formula (2); M is Ir, Rh, Pd or Pt; $m=2$ or 3; $n=0$, CyN1 is Pr, Pd, Py1, Pa, Py2 or Pz2 $[[Pz]]$; CyC1 is Ph, Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2, Cn1, Cn2 or Pz1 $[[Pz]]$;

$R_1=H$;

$R_2=H$, CF_3 or OC_2H_5 ;

$R_3=H$, CF_3 , $COOC_2H_5$ or CH_3 ;

$R_4=H$, CF_3 , CH_3 , OCF_3 , or OC_2H_5 ;

$R_5=H$, phenyl, naphthyl, CH_3 , or C_4H_9 ; and

$R_6=H$, CH_3 , or C_4H_9 ;

B) ML_m is represented by formula (2); M=Ir; m=2, n=0, CyN1=Pr;
L'=CH₃-CO-CH-CO-CH₃; and any one of conditions i) to iv) is satisfied:

i) X=CR₂; CyC1=Ph; R₁-R₆=H;

ii) X=CR₂; CyC1=Tn1; R₁-R₆=H;

iii) X=CO; CyC1=Tn2; R₁-R₄=H; and

iv) X=CO; CyC1=Tn3; R₁-R₄=H;

~~C) ML_m is represented by formula (2) or (3); ML L'n is represented by formula (4); m is 1 or 2, n is 1; M=Ir or Pt; one of CyN1 and CyN2 is Pr; X=O, CO, or NR; one of CyC1 and CyC2 is Ph, Tn1, or Qn1;~~

~~————— R₁-R₄ of L are H; R₅=CH₃ or C₂H₅; CyN3=Pr or Py1; CyC3=Tn1 or Ph; and~~

~~————— R₁ of L' is H or CH₃; and R₂-R₄=H;~~

~~————— D) ML_m is represented by formula (3); M L'n is represented by formula (4); M=Ir; m=2; n=1;~~

~~————— in ML_m, CyN2=Pr; CyC2=Ph or Tn1; R₁-R₄=H;~~

~~————— in M L'n, CyN3=Pr; CyC3=Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Cn1, Cn2, Pz, Ph or Tn3;~~

~~————— R₁=H or CH₃;~~

~~————— R₂=H or CF₃;~~

~~————— R₃=H; and~~

~~————— R₄=H or CF₃;~~

~~————— E) ML_m is represented by formula (3); M L'n is represented by formula (4); M=Ir; m=1; n=2;~~

~~_____ in ML_m, CyN₂=Pr, CyC₂=Ph or Tn₁; R₁-R₄=H; and~~

~~_____ in M L'n, CyN₃=Pr; CyC₃ is Tn₁, Tn₂, Tn₃, Np, Qn₁, Qn₂, Qx,~~

~~Qz₁, Qz₂, Cn₁, Cn₂, Pz or Ph;~~

~~_____ R₁=H or CH₃;~~

~~_____ R₂=H or CF₃;~~

~~_____ R₃=H; and~~

~~_____ R₄=H or CF₃;~~

C) [[F]] ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'n is represented by formula (4); M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML_m, CyN₂=Py₁; CyC₂=Ph, R₁-R₄=H;

in M L'n, CyN₃=Pr; CyC₃=Tn₁, Tn₂, Tn₃, Np, Qn₁, Qn₂, Qx, Qz₁, Qz₂, Cn₁, Cn₂, Pz₁ [[Pz]], or Ph;

R₁=H or CH₃;

R₂=H or CF₃;

R₃=H; and

R₄=H or CF₃;

D) [[G]] ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'n is represented by formula (4); M=Ir; m=1; n=2;

in ML_m, CyN₂=Py₁; CyC₂=Ph; R₁-R₄=H;

in M L'n, CyC₃=Pr; CyN₃ [[CyC₃]] =Tn₁, Tn₂, Tn₃, Np, Qn₁, Qn₂, Qx, Qz₁, Qz₂, Cn₁, Cn₂, Pz₂ [[Pz]], or Ph;

R₁=H or CH₃;

R₂=H or CF₃;

$R_3=H$; and

$R_4=H$ or CF_3 ;

E) $[[H]]$ ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'_n is represented by formula (4); $M=Ir$; $m=2$; $n=1$;

in ML_m , $CyN2=Py1$; $CyC2=Ph$; $R_1-R_4=H$;

in ML'_n , $CyN3=\underline{Pz2} [[Pz]]$ or Pa ; and

when $CyN3=\underline{Pz2} [[Pz]]$,

$CyC3=Tn1$, $Tn2$, or $Tn3$; and

$R_1-R_4=H$;

when $CyN3=Pa$, $[[.]]$

$CyC3=Qn1$ or $Qn2$ and

$R_1-R_4=H$;

F) $[[I]]$ ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'_n is represented by formula (4); $M=Ir$; $m=2$; $n=1$;

in ML_m , $CyN2=Py1$; $CyC2=Ph$, $R_1-R_4=H$;

in ML'_n , $CyN3=Py1$ or $Py2$; and

when $CyN3=Py1$ and $R_1-R_4=H$,

$CyC3=Cn1$, $Cn2$, or $\underline{Pz1} [[Pz]]$; ~~and~~

~~$R_1-R_4=H$;~~

when $CyN3=Py2$ and, then, in ML_m , $R_1-R_4=H$,

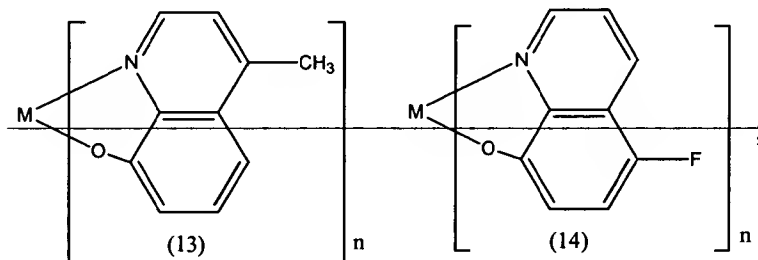
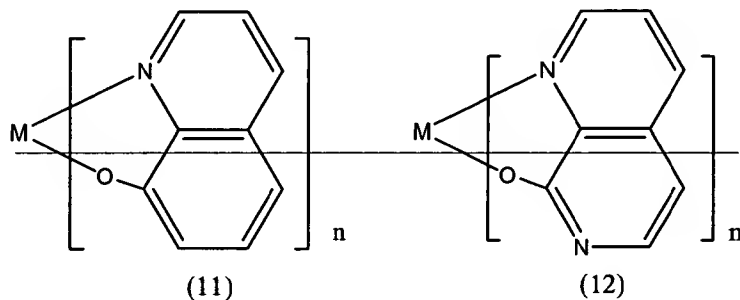
$CyC3=Qx$, $Qz1$, or $Qz2$; and

when $CyC3=Ph$ or $Tn3$, in ML'_n :

R_1 is CH_3 or H ; ~~two of R_1 , R_2 , and R_4 are, independently, H or CF_3~~
and the remaining one thereof is CH_3 ; and $R_3=H$;

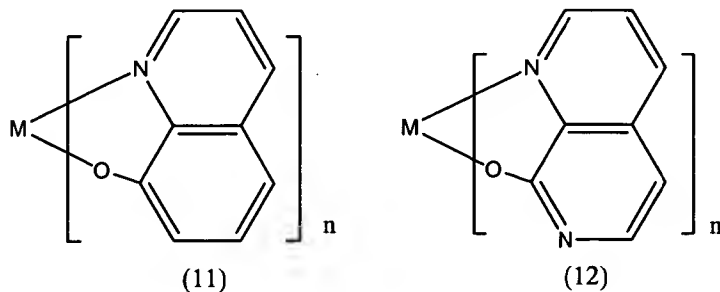
J) ML_m is represented by formula (3); $M=Ir$; $m=2$; $n=1$; $CyN2=Pr$, $Py1$,
 $Py2$, Pz , or Pa ; $CyC2=Ph$, $Tn1$, $Tn3$, Np , or $Qn2$; and $R_1, R_4=H$; and

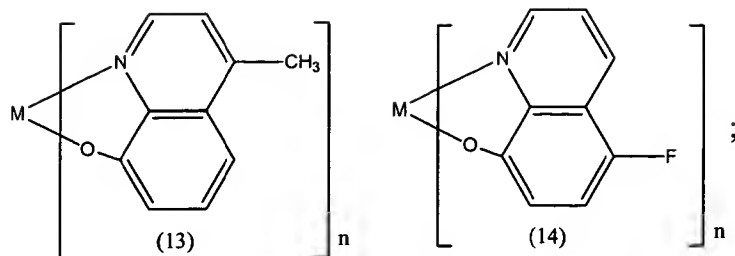
~~————— L' is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13), or (14):~~



G) $[[K]] ML_m$ is represented by formula (3); $M=Ir$; $m=1$; $n=2$; $CyN2=Pr$,
 $Py1$, $Py2$, $Pz2$ $[[Pz]]$, or Pa ; $CyC2=Ph$, $Tn1$, $Tn3$, Np , or $Qn2$ and $R_1, R_4=H$; and

L' is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13) or (14):





H) [[L]] ML_m is represented by formula (2), m=2, n=0; M=Ir; CyN1=Pr;

X=CR₂; CyC1=Ph; R₁-R₄=H; R₅=R₆=F; and L'=CH₃-CO-CH-CO-CH₃;

I) [[M]] ML_m is represented by formula (2), m=3; n=0; M=Ir; CyN1=Pr;

X=CR₂, CyC1=Ph; R₁-R₄=H; and R₅=R₆=F;

J) [[N]] ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'_n is represented by

formula (4); M=Ir; m=2; n=1; CyN2=Pr; CyC2=Tn3; CyN3=Pr; CyC3=Ph; and R₁-R₄=H;

and

K) when M=Pt:

i) ~~Θ)~~ when M=Pt; m=1; and n=1, CyN2=CyN3=Pr; R₁-R₄ of L are

H; CyC2=Ph or Tn1; CyC3=Ph, Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2, Cn1, Cn2 or

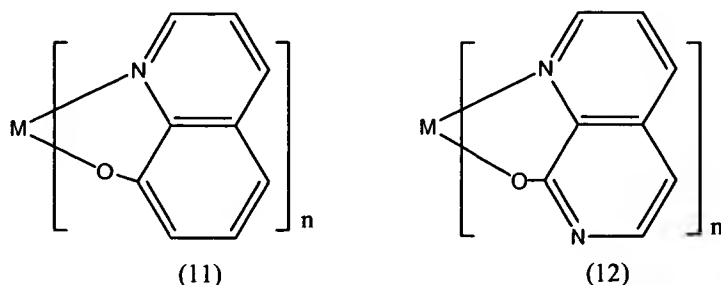
Pz1 [[Pz]]; R₁ is CH₃ or H; R₂, and R₄ are each, independently, H or CF₃; R₁=R₂=R₄=H or

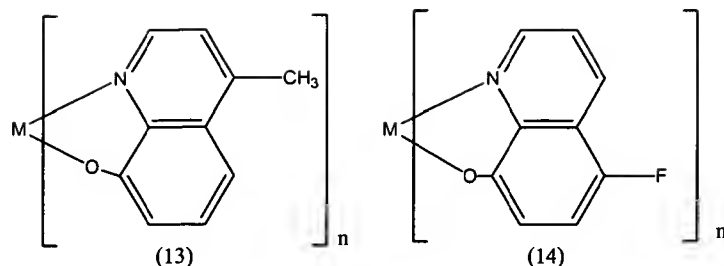
CF₃; and R₃=H; or [[and]]

ii) [[P]] ML_m is represented by formula (3); m=1; n=1; ~~M=Pt~~;

CyN2=Pr, Py1, Py2, Pz2 [[Pz]] or Pa; CyC2=Ph, Tn1, Tn3, Np, or Qn2; and R₁-R₄=H; and

L' is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13) or (14):

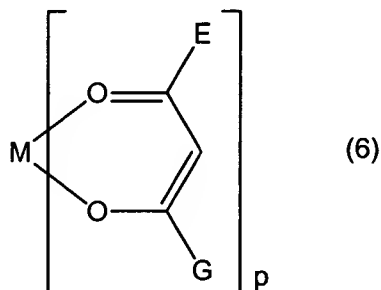




2. (Withdrawn) A compound according to claim 1, wherein the partial structure ML_m is represented by the formula (2).

3. (Withdrawn) A compound according to claim 2, wherein M is Ir.

4. (Withdrawn) A compound according to claim 2, wherein the metal coordination compound has another partial structure represented by the following formula (6):



wherein M denotes Ir, Pt, Rh or Pd; p is 1; and E and G independently denote a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 - 20 carbon atom capable of including a hydrogen atom which can be replaced with a fluorine atom, or an aromatic ring group capable of having a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom; cyano group; nitro group; a trialkylsilyl group containing three linear or branched alkyl

groups each independently having 1 - 8 carbon atoms; and a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 - 20 carbon atoms capable of including one or at least two non-neighboring methylene groups which can be replaced with -O-, -S-, -CO-, -CO-O-, -O-CO-, -CH=CH- or -C≡C- and capable of including a hydrogen atom which can be replaced with a fluorine atom.

5. (Original) A compound according to claim 1, which exhibits a phosphorescence at the time of energy transition from an excited state to a ground state.

6. (Original) A compound according to claim 1, wherein one of the ligands L and L' is a luminescent ligand and the other ligand is a carrier transport ligand.

7. (Original) A compound according to claim 1, wherein at least one of the ligands L and L' is in a metal to ligand charge transfer excited state.

8. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 1, wherein the ligands L and L' include a first ligand capable of providing a first maximum luminescence wavelength λ_1 based on an excited state thereof and a second ligand capable of providing a second maximum luminescence wavelength λ_2 shorter than λ_1 , the number of the first ligand providing λ_1 being smaller than that of the second ligand providing λ_2 .

9. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 1, wherein the ligands L and L' include a stronger luminescent ligand and a weaker luminescent

ligand, the number of the stronger luminescent ligand is smaller than that of the weaker luminescent ligand.

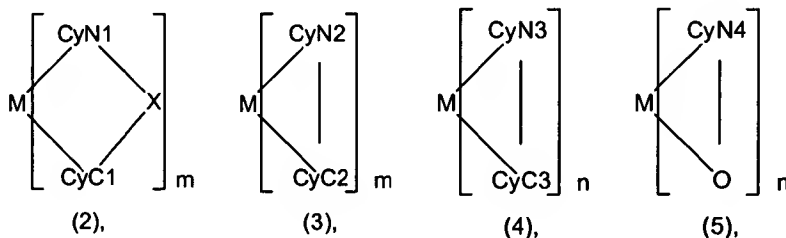
10. (Currently Amended) An organic luminescence device, comprising:
a substrate, a pair of electrodes disposed on the substrate, and a luminescence function layer disposed between the pair of electrodes comprising at least one species of an organic compound,

wherein the organic compound comprises a metal coordination compound represented by the following formula (1):



wherein M denotes Ir, Pt, Rh or Pd; L denotes a bidentate ligand; L' denotes a bidentate ligand different from L; m is an integer of 1, 2 or 3; and n is an integer of 0, 1 or 2 with the proviso that the sum of m and n is 2 or 3,

the partial structure ML_m being represented by a formula (2) or a formula (3) shown below, and the partial structure ML'_n being represented by a formula (4), [[or]] a formula (5) or a formula (6) shown below:

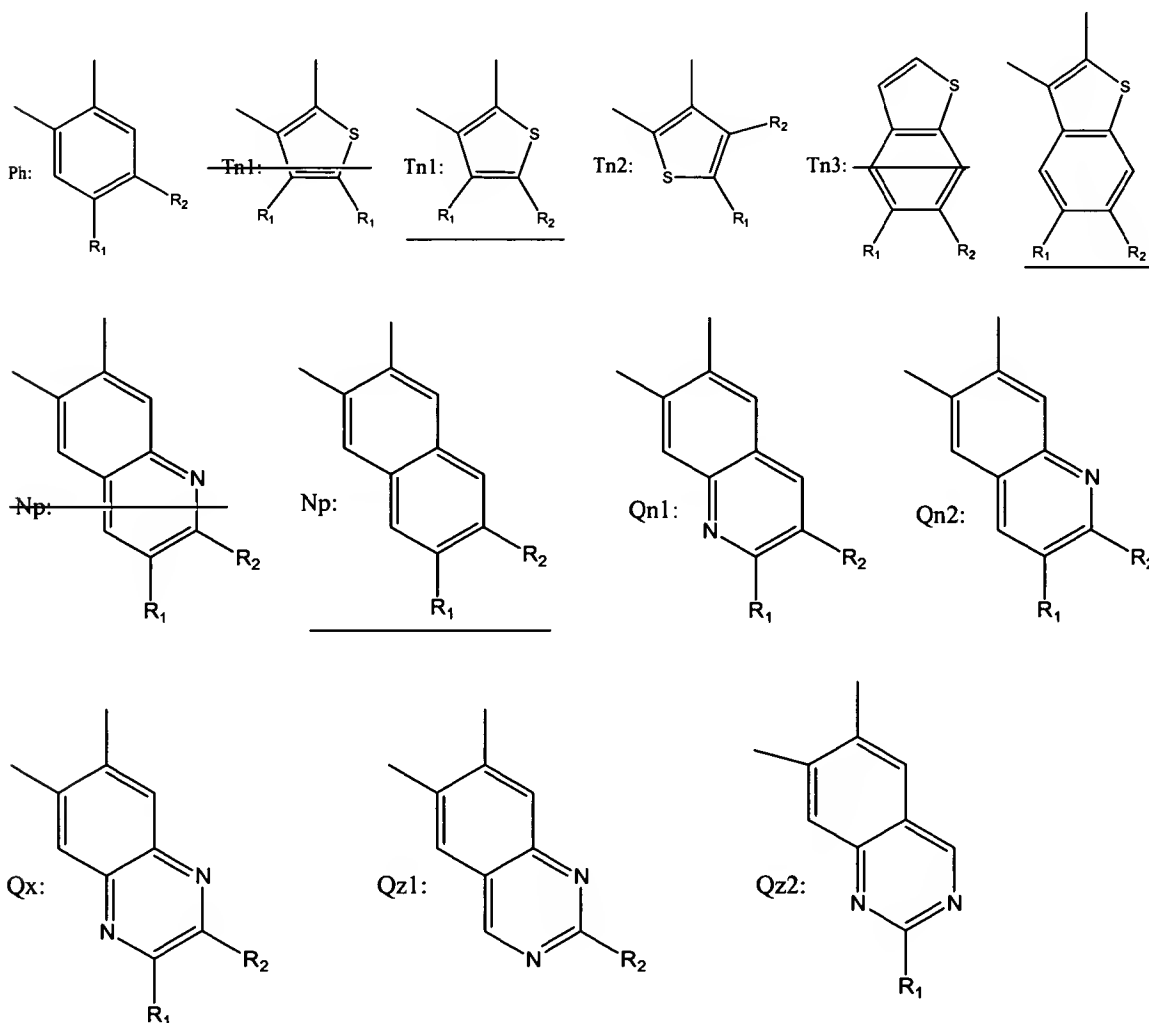


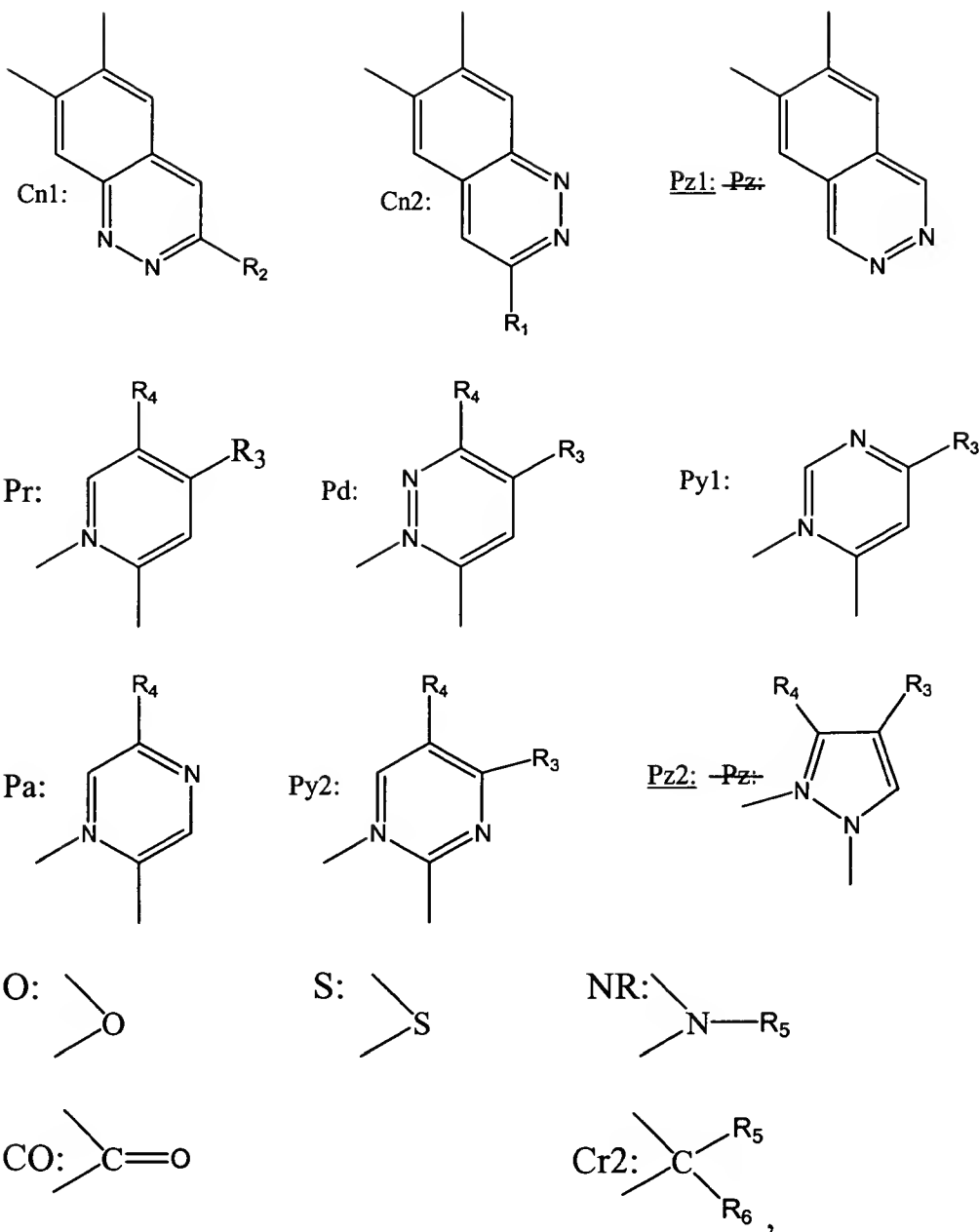
wherein:

CyN1-CyN3 ~~CyN1-CyN4~~ are independently selected from the group consisting of Pr, Pd, Py1, Pa, Py2, and Pz2 ~~[[Pz]]~~ shown below;

CyN4 a cyclic group comprising 8-quinoline or its derivative, having a nitrogen atom connected to M;

CyC1-CyC3 ~~CyN1-CyN4~~ are independently selected from the group consisting of Ph, Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2, Cn1, Cn2 and Pz1 ~~[[Pz]]~~ shown below; and X is selected from the group consisting of O, S, NR, CO, CR2 shown below:





with the proviso that any one of the following conditions A) to K) $[[P]]$ is satisfied:

A) ML_m is represented by formula (2); M is Ir, Rh, Pd or Pt; $m=2$ or 3; $n=0$, CyN1 is Pr, Pd, Py1, Pa, Py2 or Pz2 $[[Pz]]$; CyC1 is Ph, Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2, Cn1, Cn2 or Pz1 $[[Pz]]$;

$R_1=H$;

$R_2 = H, CF_3$ or OC_2H_5 ;

$R_3 = H, CF_3, COOC_2H_5$ or CH_3 ;

$R_4 = H, CF_3, CH_3, OCF_3$, or OC_2H_5 ;

$R_5 = H$, phenyl, naphthyl, CH_3 , or C_4H_9 ; and

$R_6 = H, CH_3$, or C_4H_9 ;

B) ML_m is represented by formula (2); $M = Ir$; $m = 2$, $n = 0$, $CyN1 = Pr$;

$L' = CH_3-CO-CH-CO-CH_3$; and any one of conditions i) to iv) is satisfied:

i) $X = CR_2$; $CyC1 = Ph$; $R_1-R_6 = H$;

ii) $X = CR_2$; $CyC1 = Tn1$; $R_1-R_6 = H$;

iii) $X = CO$; $CyC1 = Tn2$; $R_1-R_4 = H$; and

iv) $X = CO$; $CyC1 = Tn3$; $R_1-R_4 = H$;

~~C) ML_m is represented by formula (2) or (3); $ML'L'n$ is represented by~~

~~formula (4); m is 1 or 2; n is 1; $M = Ir$ or Pt ; one of $CyN1$ and $CyN2$ is Pr ; $X = O, CO$, or NR ;~~

~~one of $CyC1$ and $CyC2$ is $Ph, Tn1$, or $Qn1$;~~

~~_____ R_1-R_4 of L are H ; $R_5 = CH_3$ or C_2H_5 ; $CyN3 = Pr$ or $Py1$; $CyC3 = Tn1$ or Ph ; and~~

~~_____ R_1 of L' is H or CH_3 ; and $R_2-R_4 = H$;~~

~~_____ D) ML_m is represented by formula (3); $ML'L'n$ is represented by formula (4);~~

~~$M = Ir$; $m = 2$; $n = 1$;~~

~~_____ in ML_m , $CyN2 = Pr$; $CyC2 = Ph$ or $Tn1$; $R_1-R_4 = H$;~~

~~_____ in $ML'L'n$, $CyN3 = Pr$; $CyC3 = Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Cn1, Cn2$, Pz, Ph or $Tn3$;~~

~~_____ $R_1 = H$ or CH_3 ;~~

~~_____ $R_2 = \text{H or CF}_3$;~~

~~_____ $R_3 = \text{H}$; and~~

~~_____ $R_4 = \text{H or CF}_3$;~~

~~_____ E) ML_m is represented by formula (3); $\text{M L}'_n$ is represented by formula (4);~~

~~$\text{M} = \text{Ir}$; $m = 1$; $n = 2$;~~

~~_____ in ML_m , $\text{CyN}_2 = \text{Pr}$, $\text{CyC}_2 = \text{Ph}$ or Tn_1 ; $R_1 - R_4 = \text{H}$; and~~

~~_____ in $\text{M L}'_n$, $\text{CyN}_3 = \text{Pr}$; CyC_3 is Tn_1 , Tn_2 , Tn_3 , Np , Qn_1 , Qn_2 , Qx ,~~

~~Qz_1 , Qz_2 , Cn_1 , Cn_2 , Pz or Ph ;~~

~~_____ $R_1 = \text{H or CH}_3$;~~

~~_____ $R_2 = \text{H or CF}_3$;~~

~~_____ $R_3 = \text{H}$; and~~

~~_____ $R_4 = \text{H or CF}_3$;~~

C) [[F)]] ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'_n is represented by

formula (4); $\text{M} = \text{Ir}$; $m = 2$; $n = 1$;

in ML_m , $\text{CyN}_2 = \text{Py}_1$; $\text{CyC}_2 = \text{Ph}$, $R_1 - R_4 = \text{H}$;

in $\text{M L}'_n$, $\text{CyN}_3 = \text{Pr}$; $\text{CyC}_3 = \text{Tn}_1$, Tn_2 , Tn_3 , Np , Qn_1 , Qn_2 , Qx , Qz_1 ,

Qz_2 , Cn_1 , Cn_2 , Pz_1 [[Pz]], or Ph ;

$R_1 = \text{H or CH}_3$;

$R_2 = \text{H or CF}_3$;

$R_3 = \text{H}$; and

$R_4 = \text{H or CF}_3$;

D) [[G)]] ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'_n is represented by

formula (4); $\text{M} = \text{Ir}$; $m = 1$; $n = 2$;

in ML_m, CyN₂=Py₁; CyC₂=Ph; R₁-R₄=H;

in M L'_n, CyC₃=Pr; CyN₃ [[CyC₃]] =Tn₁, Tn₂, Tn₃, Np, Qn₁, Qn₂,

Qx, Qz₁, Qz₂, Cn₁, Cn₂, Pz₂ [[Pz]], or Ph;

R₁=H or CH₃;

R₂=H or CF₃;

R₃=H; and

R₄=H or CF₃;

E) [[H]] ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'_n is represented by

formula (4); M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML_m, CyN₂=Py₁; CyC₂=Ph; R₁-R₄=H;

in ML'_n, CyN₃=Pz₂ [[Pz]] or Pa; and

when CyN₃=Pz₂ [[Pz]],

CyC₃=Tn₁, Tn₂, or Tn₃; and

R₁-R₄=H;

when CyN₃=Pa, [[.]]

CyC₃=Qn₁ or Qn₂ and

R₁-R₄=H;

F) [[I]] ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'_n is represented by formula

(4); M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML_m, CyN₂=Py₁; CyC₂=Ph, R₁-R₄=H;

in ML'_n, CyN₃=Py₁ or Py₂; and

when CyN₃=Py₁ and R₁-R₄=H,

CyC₃=Cn₁, Cn₂, or Pz₁ [[Pz]]; and

————— $R_1-R_4=H$;

when $CyN3=Py2$ and, then, in ML_m , $R_1-R_4=H$,

$CyC3=Qx$, $Qz1$, or $Qz2$; and

when $CyC3=Ph$ or $Tn3$, in ML'_n :

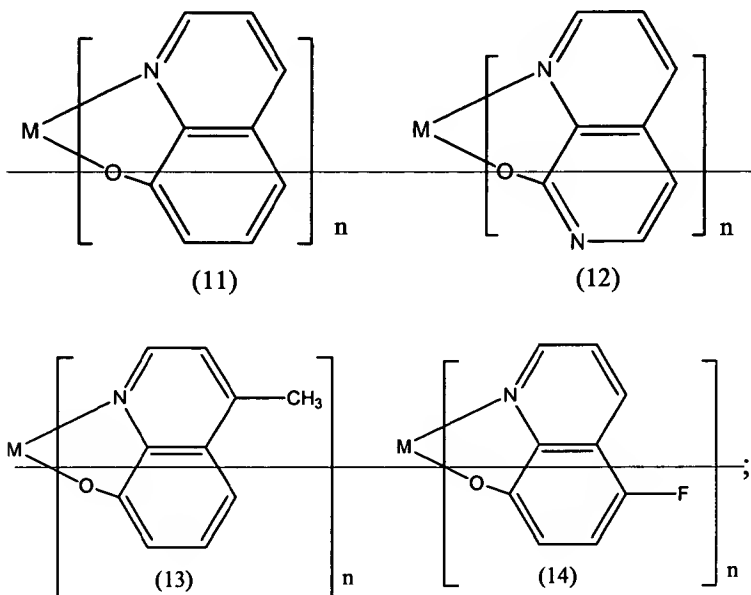
R_1 is CH_3 or H ; two of R_2 , R_3 , and R_4 are, independently, H or CF_3

and the remaining one thereof is CH_3 ; and $R_3=H$;

~~J) ML_m is represented by formula (3); $M=Ir$; $m=2$; $n=1$; $CyN2=Pr$, $Py1$,~~

~~$Py2$, Pz , or Pa ; $CyC2=Ph$, $Tn1$, $Tn3$, Np , or $Qn2$; and $R_1-R_4=H$; and~~

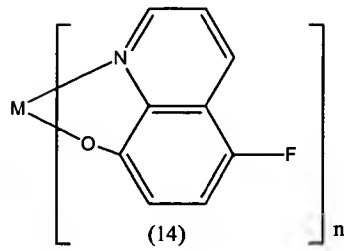
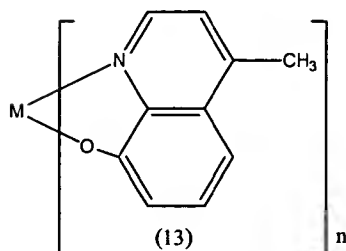
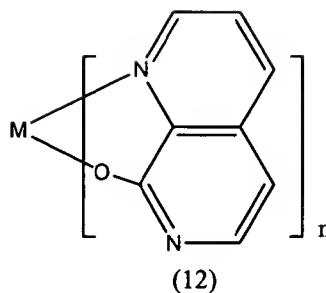
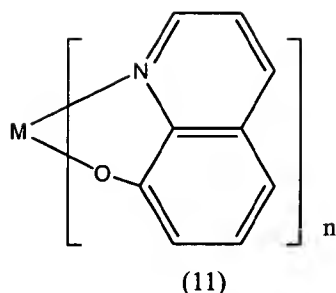
————— L' is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13), or (14):



G) [[K]] ML_m is represented by formula (3); $M=Ir$; $m=1$; $n=2$; $CyN2=Pr$,

$Py1$, $Py2$, $Pz2$ [[Pz]], or Pa ; $CyC2=Ph$, $Tn1$, $Tn3$, Np , or $Qn2$ and $R_1-R_4=H$; and

L' is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13) or (14):



H) [[L]] ML_m is represented by formula (2), m=2, n=0; M=Ir; CyN1=Pr;

X=CR₂; CyC1=Ph; R₁-R₄=H; R₅=R₆=F; and L'=CH₃-CO-CH-CO-CH₃;

I) [[M]] ML_m is represented by formula (2), m=3; n=0; M=Ir; CyN1=Pr;

X=CR₂, CyC1=Ph; R₁-R₄=H; and R₅=R₆=F;

J) [[N]] ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'_n is represented by

formula (4); M=Ir; m=2; n=1; CyN2=Pr; CyC2=Tn3; CyN3=Pr; CyC3=Ph; and R₁-R₄=H;

and

K) when M=Pt:

i) ~~Θ~~ when M=Pt; m=1; and n=1, CyN2=CyN3=Pr; R₁-R₄ of L are H;

CyC2=Ph or Tn1; CyC3=Ph, Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2, Cn1, Cn2 or

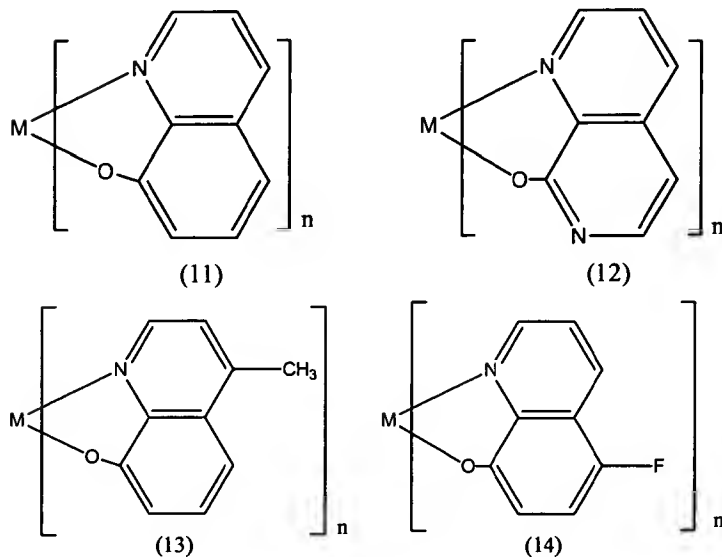
Pz1 [[Pz]]; R₁ is CH₃ or H; R₂, and R₄ are each, independently, H or CF₃ R₁=R₂=R₄=H or

CF₃; and R₃=H; or [[and]]

ii) [[P]] ML_m is represented by formula (3); m=1; n=1; ~~M=Pt~~;

CyN2=Pr, Py1, Py2, Pz2 [[Pz]] or Pa; CyC2=Ph, Tn1, Tn3, Np, or Qn2; and R₁-R₄=H; and

L' is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13) or (14):



11. (Withdrawn) A device according to claim 10, wherein the partial structure MLm is represented by the formula (2).

12. (Withdrawn) A device according to claim 11, wherein M is Ir.

13. (Original) A device according to claim 10, wherein a voltage is applied between the pair of electrodes to cause phosphorescence from the luminescence function layer.

14. (Original) An image display device, comprising: an organic luminescence device according to claim 10 and means for supplying electrical signals to the organic luminescence device.